TITLE OF THE INVENTION

RADIO CONTROL DEVICE AND METHOD OF SELECTING SPREAD CODE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 Field of the Invention

[0001] This invention relates to a method of selecting a spread code in a radio communication system where multiple radio access using spectrum spread is made between a mobile station and a base station and a plurality of cells with different frequency bands exist at the same location, and relates to a radio control device for controlling a plurality of base stations forming a plurality of cells in the radio communication system.

15 Related Background Art

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[0002] A typical example of a mobile radio communication system where multiple radio access is made spectrum spread is the W-CDMA (Wideband - Code Division Multiple Access) system in IMT-2000 (International Mobile Telecommunications - 2000). In the downlink communication of the W-CDMA system, a identified by a spread code called scrambling code, and channel is identified by a spread code called channelization code subsidiary to the scrambling code. The spread is a double spread based on these two codes. In addition, channelization codes subsidiary to the

same scrambling code can be generated by a rule called OVSF (Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor), and the orthogonality as OVSF is maintained if there is no time shift. On the other hand, channelization codes subsidiary to different scrambling codes have a correlation with each other regardless of time shift.

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[0003] Although there is typically one scrambling code for each cell, a method of assigning a plurality of different scrambling codes to the same cell has been devised in order to expand the channelization code resource. Here, the first scrambling code is called "primary scrambling code", and the second subsequent scrambling codes called "secondary are scrambling codes". In this situation, in general, channelization codes subsidiary to the primary scrambling code are preferentially selected, and only if they are no more available, channelization codes subsidiary to the secondary scrambling code selected. This is because it is desirable to use channelization codes subsidiary to the same scrambling code as many as possible in order to prevent increase of interference components due to the correlation of the channelization codes and to attempt to secure the system capacity, since channelization codes subsidiary to different scrambling codes, as mentioned above, have a correlation with each other regardless of time shift.

Now, a plurality of frequency bands can be used by direct spread in the W-CDMA system. For example, if a frequency band fl and a frequency band f2 exist, a cell of fl and a cell of f2 can be used at the same location as overlaid distinct cells. Here, Japanese patent laid-open publication Heisei 7-23447 proposes the following control. When a mobile station which can use only f2 and a mobile station which can use both f1 and f2 are located together in the same service area, in order to reserve the channelization code resource of f2 for the mobile station which can use only f2, the mobile station which can use both f1 and f2 is allowed to select preferentially channelization codes of the cell of fl, and only when they are no more available, select channelization codes of the cell of f2.

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[0005] As a method of carrying out such control, a method as shown in FIG. 3 can be contemplated. First, a radio resource selection unit for frequency band fl tries to select a channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code of fl (S31, S32). If the selection has been successful, the selected channelization code is outputted (S40). Otherwise, if the selection has been failed, the same radio resource selection unit for frequency band f1 tries to select a channelization belonging code to the secondary scrambling code of f1 (S33, S34). If the selection has been failed here again, a radio resource selection unit for frequency band f2, in the same way as described above, tries to select a channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code of f2 (S35, S36) and tries to select a channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code of f2 (S37, S38). Nevertheless if the selection has been failed, information indicating "selectable channelization code not found" is outputted (S39).

10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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[0006] However, in this method shown in FIG. 3, since the selection trial of a channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code of frequency band fl (S33) is carried out before the selection trial of a channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code of frequency band f2 (S35), channelization codes belonging to the secondary scrambling code are selected more frequently in the cell of frequency band fl. this reason, interference components channelization codes belonging to the scrambling code and channelization codes belonging to the secondary scrambling code may increase in the cell of frequency band fl, and thus the capacity of the cell of frequency band f1 will be reduced, which may cause the overall system capacity to be reduced.

[0007] The present invention has been made in view

of the above-mentioned problem. An object of the invention is to provide a radio control device and a method of selecting a spread code which can prevent reduction of the system capacity due to the use of channelization codes belonging to the secondary scrambling code.

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In order to achieve the above-mentioned 180001 object, a radio control device according to the present invention is, in a radio communication system where multiple radio access using spectrum spread is made between a mobile station and a base station and a plurality of cells with different frequency bands exist at the same location, a radio control device controlling a plurality of base stations forming the plurality of cells, comprising: code selection trial means for each cell, provided in association with each of the plurality of cells, for trying to select a code for the associated cell condition; determination predetermined means determining whether to try to select a spread code again under a different condition from the condition that has been used in the selection trial, when the selection trial of the spread code by each code selection trial means under the predetermined condition has been terminated without any successful selection of the spread code; and control means for controlling the

code selection trial means and the determination means so as to cause the code selection trial means to try to select the spread code sequentially for the plurality of cells under the predetermined condition, cause the determination means to determine whether to try to select the spread code again under the different condition from the condition that has been used in the selection, after the termination of the selection trial by each code selection trial means, and cause the code selection trial means to try to select the spread code sequentially for the plurality of cells under the different condition when it has been determined that the selection should be tried again.

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[0009] Namely, the radio control device according to the present invention is provided in communication system where multiple radio access using spectrum spread is made between a mobile station and a base station and a plurality of cells with different frequency bands exist at the same location. In addition to the code selection trial means for each cell that is provided in association with each of the plurality of device comprises cells, this radio control determination means and control means which have not conventionally existed, and the following operations are carried out under the control of the control means. First, the code selection trial means tries to select a

spread code sequentially for the plurality of cells under a predetermined condition. Namely, the selection of the spread code is not tried for one cell under a plurality of conditions in a conventional manner, but the selection of the spread code is tried sequentially for the plurality of cells under the predetermined condition. Then, when the selection trial of the spread by each code selection trial means has been terminated without any successful selection of the spread code, the determination means determines whether to try to select a spread code again under a different condition from the condition that has been used in the selection. Here, when it has been determined that the selection should be tried again, the code selection trial means tries to select a spread code sequentially the plurality of cells under the different condition. In the above determination, it may determined that the selection is always tried again if the selection of the spread code has been failed, or it may be determined that the selection is not tried again in order to completely avoid the interference caused by the use of spread codes for one cell under plurality of conditions.

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[0010] As mentioned above, instead of trying to select a spread code for one cell under a plurality of conditions in a conventional manner, the code selection

trial means tries to select a spread code sequentially plurality of cells under a predetermined condition. When the determination means determines that the selection of the spread code should be tried again under a different condition, selection of the spread code is tried under the different condition. This can prevent a situation where interference components are increased and the capacity of the cell is reduced by the use of spread codes for one cell under a plurality of conditions (for example, both the channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code and the channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code are used for one cell). As a result, reduction of the system capacity can be prevented. addition, according to the present invention, probability of selecting spread codes for different cells may be increased. However, interference between the selected spread codes for the different cells does not matter because the frequency bands differ between the different cells.

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[0011] More specifically, each cell of the radio communication system is associated with a plurality of spread code trees generated by OVSF, and the different condition is associated with a selection trial from a spread code tree different from the spread code tree that has already been used in the selection trial.

The invention related to the above-mentioned radio control device can also be described as invention related to a method of selecting a spread Namely, the method of selecting a spread code code. according to the present invention is a method of selecting a spread code in a radio communication system where multiple radio access using spectrum spread is made between a mobile station and a base station and a plurality of cells with different frequency bands exist at the same location, comprising: trying to select a spread code sequentially for the plurality of cells under a predetermined condition; determining whether to try to select a spread code again under a different condition from the condition that has been used in the selection, when the selection trial for each cell has been terminated without any successful selection of the spread code; and trying to select the spread code sequentially for the plurality of cells under different condition when it has been determined that the selection should be tried again.

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[0013] By carrying out such a method of selecting a spread code, instead of trying to select a spread code for one cell under a plurality of conditions in a conventional manner, selection of a spread code is tried sequentially for a plurality of cells under a predetermined condition. When it is determined that the

selection of the spread code should be tried again under a different condition, selection of the spread code is tried under the different condition. This can prevent a situation where interference components are increased and the capacity of the cell is reduced by the use of spread codes for one cell under a plurality of conditions (for example, both the channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code and the channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code are used for one cell). As a result, reduction of the system capacity can be prevented.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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- [0014] FIG. 1 is a view of the configuration of a radio communication system according to an embodiment of the invention.
- [0015] Fig. 2 is a flow chart showing the process in the radio control station.
- [0016] Fig. 3 is a flow chart showing a conventional channelization code selection process.

20 DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

- [0017] An embodiment according to the present invention will now be described.
- [0018] FIG. 1 shows a view of the configuration of a radio communication system 1 according to the present embodiment. As shown in this figure, the radio communication system 1 includes a base station 21 of

frequency band f1, a base station 22 of frequency band f2, and a radio control station 10 that is connected to a core network 40 and controls the above-mentioned base stations 21 and 22. A cell of frequency band f1 formed by the base station 21 and a cell of frequency band f2 formed by the base station 21 and a cell of frequency band f2 formed by the base station 22 are overlapped in the same area, in which a mobile station 30 is located. Although the mobile station 30, the cell and the base station 21, 22 which use each frequency band, and the radio control station 10 each appear once in FIG. 1, in general, more than one for each are located in the service area.

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The radio control station 10 comprises a [0019] channel assignment request reception unit 11 receiving a channel assignment request, resource selection unit 12 for selecting radio resource (for example, channelization codes and the like as described later) for frequency band f1, a resource selection unit 13 for selecting radio resource for frequency band f2, a continuous selection determination unit 14 for determining whether selection should be made continuously in the processing described later, an output unit 15 for outputting a message indicating unavailable selection and the like, channel assignment unit 16 for assigning channels, and a control unit 17 for carrying out operation control

and status monitoring of each of the above-mentioned units.

[0020] The radio resource selection unit 12 comprises a channelization code selection unit 12A for trying to select a channelization code belonging to frequency band fl, and a radio resource management unit 12B for controlling the usage condition and the like of channelization codes belonging to frequency band fl. the same way, the radio resource selection unit comprises a channelization code selection unit 13A for trying to select a channelization code belonging to frequency band f2, and a radio resource management unit 13B for controlling the usage condition and the like of channelization codes belonging to frequency band f2.

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[0021] In the description of the internal configuration of the radio control station 10 in FIG. 1, a solid arrow represents a linkage of processing and an instruction signal related to the linkage of processing, and a dashed arrow represents a control/monitoring signal produced by the control unit 17.

[0022] Next, in accordance with a flow chart of FIG. 2, the processing in the radio control station 10 will be described. First, in the radio control station 10, when the channel assignment request reception unit 11 receives a channel assignment request (S01 in FIG. 2), the selection instruction signal for a channelization

code is transmitted to the radio resource selection unit 12 for frequency band fl, and the channelization code selection unit 12A tries to channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code in the cell of frequency band f1 (S02). At this time, the channelization code selection unit 12A inquires of the radio resource management unit about the usage condition of channelization belonging to the primary scrambling code of frequency If the channelization code is unused, the band fl. channelization code is selected. If the channelization code is in use, the channelization code is not selected. [0023] If the selection has been successful in the selection trial at SO2, the information of the selected channelization code is outputted by the output unit 15 (S12), and the channel assignment unit 16 assigns a channel based on the selected channelization code (S13). The processing of FIG. 2 is then terminated.

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[0024] On the other hand, if the selection has been failed in the selection trial at S02 as described above, the flow then proceeds to S04, where an instruction signal is transmitted to the other radio resource selection unit 13, and the channelization code selection unit 13A tries to select a channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code in the cell of frequency band f2. At this time, the

channelization code selection unit 13A inquires of the radio resource management unit 13B about the usage condition of channelization codes belonging to the primary scrambling code of frequency band f2. If the channelization code is unused, the channelization code is selected. If the channelization code is in use, the channelization code is not selected.

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[0025] If the selection has been successful in the selection trial at S04 as described above, the information of the selected channelization code is outputted by the output unit 15 (S12), and the channel assignment unit 16 assigns a channel based on the selected channelization code (S13). The processing of FIG. 2 is then terminated.

[0026] On the other hand, if the selection has been failed in the selection trial at SO4, the flow then S06, proceeds to and the continuous selection determination unit 14 determines whether the selection trial of a channelization code should be carried out again. In this determination, it may be determined that the selection is always tried again, or it may be determined that the selection is not tried again in order to completely avoid the interference caused by the use of both the channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code and the channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code for one cell. [0027] If it has been determined at S06 that the selection is not tried again, a message indicating "selectable channelization code not found" is outputted by the output unit 15 (S11), and the processing of FIG. 2 is terminated.

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On the other hand, if it has been determined [0028] at 806 that the selection is tried again, a selection for channelization code instruction signal a transmitted to the radio resource selection unit 12 from the continuous selection determination unit 14, and the channelization code selection unit 12A tries to select a channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code in the cell of frequency band f1 (S07). At this time, the channelization code selection unit 12A inquires of the radio resource management unit 12B about the usage condition of channelization codes belonging to the secondary scrambling code of frequency band f1. If the channelization code is unused, the channelization code is selected. If the channelization code is in use, the channelization code is not selected. If the selection has been successful in the selection trial S07 as described above, at information of the selected channelization code outputted by the output unit 15 (S12), and the channel assignment unit 16 assigns a channel based on the selected channelization code (S13). The processing of

FIG. 2 is then terminated.

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On the other hand, if the selection has been failed in the selection trial at SO7, the flow then proceeds to S09, where an instruction signal transmitted to the other radio resource selection unit 13, and the channelization code selection unit tries to select a channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code in the cell of frequency band At this time, the channelization code selection unit 13A inquires of the radio resource management unit 13B about the usage condition of channelization codes belonging to the secondary scrambling code of frequency band f2. If the channelization code is unused, the channelization code is selected. If the channelization code is in use, the channelization code is not selected. If the selection has been successful in the [0031] selection trial at S09 as described above, information of the selected channelization code outputted by the output unit 15 (S12), and the channel assignment unit 16 assigns a channel based on the selected channelization code (S13). The processing of FIG. 2 is then terminated.

[0032] On the other hand, if the selection has been failed in the selection trial at S09, a message indicating "selectable channelization code not found" is outputted by the output unit 15 (S11), and the

processing of FIG. 2 is terminated.

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[0033] As described above, the processing in FIG. 2 allows channelization codes belonging to the primary scrambling code to be preferentially selected across the cells of all frequency bands. This can prevent a situation where interference components are increased and the capacity of the cell is reduced by the use of both the channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code and the channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code. As a result, reduction of the system capacity can be prevented.

[0034] Although the case of two frequency bands f1 and f2 has been described as an example in the above embodiment, the same applies to the case where three or more frequency bands are used. Moreover, although the case has been described by way of example where the frequency band f1 has a higher preference than the frequency band f2, the same applies to the case where, to the contrary, the frequency band f2 has a higher preference than the frequency band f1.

[0035] Moreover, although an application to a radio communication system including a plurality of cells has been described above, the present invention is applicable not only to cells but also to sectors.

[0036] As described above, according to the present invention, instead of trying to select a spread code

for one cell under a plurality of conditions in a conventional manner, selection of a spread code tried sequentially for a plurality of cells under a predetermined condition. When it is determined that the selection of the spread code should be tried again under a different condition, selection of the spread code is tried under the different condition. This can prevent a situation where interference components are increased and the capacity of the cell is reduced by the use of spread codes for one cell under a plurality of conditions (for example, both the channelization code belonging to the primary scrambling code and the channelization code belonging to the secondary scrambling code are used for one cell). As a result, reduction of the system capacity can be prevented.

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